

AN ESTABLISHED WORLD LEADER IN PROVIDING ADVANCED SECURITY TECHNOLOGY

Spectra Systems Corporation Annual report and accounts 2018





Spectra provides integrated solutions comprised of engineered materials for authentication and hardware and software systems which verify the unique signatures of the authentication materials.

Through a series of acquisitions and strategic supply and licensing agreements, Spectra has become an industry leader in the authentication and gaming controls markets.



2012 Four acquisitions since 2012. **65** Over 65 customers.

28 We have 28 staff in our offices.



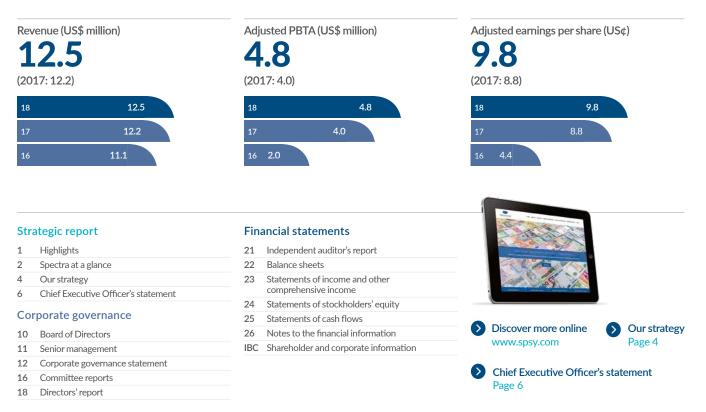
HIGHLIGHTS

Financial highlights

- Revenue up 3% for the year at US\$12,494k (2017: US\$12,170k)
- Adjusted EBITDA¹ up 16% at US\$5,045k (2017: US\$4,349k)
- Adjusted PBTA¹ up 19% at US\$4,782k (2017: US\$4,010k)
- Adjusted earnings² per share up 11% to US\$9.8 cents (2017: US\$8.8 cents)
- Net income up 24% at US\$4,055k (2017: US\$3,280k)
- Cash generated from operations of US\$4,740k (2017: US\$4,669k)
- Strong, debt-free balance sheet, with cash³ of US\$12,662k (2017: US\$11,181k)
- Declaring annual dividend up 17% to US\$7.0 cents per share to be paid in June
- 1 Before stock compensation expense and 2017 exceptional items related to inventory write downs.
- 2 Before amortization, stock compensation expense and 2017 exceptional items related to inventory write downs.
- 3 Does not include US\$1,099k (2017: US\$1,099k) of restricted cash and investments.

Operational highlights

- Large orders for covert materials which we were able to fulfill due to increased manufacturing capacity resulting from our 2017 facility consolidation and staffing redirection
- Over US\$2.0 million of royalties resulting from the exclusive licensing agreement executed in January 2018 for one of our existing products which is in use by 18 central banks through an existing licensee, a major supplier of banknotes worldwide
- Decreased operating expenses by US\$0.5 million due to reduced royalties related to covert materials
- QC readers for TruBrand[™] delivered to customer in preparation for production of 6–10 million cigarette packs in 2019 and first orders received for 6–10 million boxes
- Engaged by a G20 central bank to commence Phase I of a four-phase funded sensor development for use with polymer banknotes



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SPECTRA AT A GLANCE

Spectra is a highly responsive organization that develops customized solutions for its customers.

OUR CUSTOMERS

Our end customers include a G7 central bank organization and one of the world's largest commercial security printers and papermakers, which supplies the Company's technology to a second G7 central bank and numerous other central banks. Additionally, brand authentication customers use our technologies to protect their consumer goods brands, while our Secure Transactions Group provides solutions for 20 lotteries, 18 in the United States of America and two international.

Our solutions are used by:

- 19 central banks including two G7 central banks;
- commercial security printers and papermakers;
- Crane & Co.;
- suppliers of security threads for world currencies;
- LMI Packaging Solutions;
- multi-national consumer product companies;
- Governments of Turkey, India, Malaysia and Norway;
- Intralot SA;
- Scientific Games International Inc.;
- International Game Technology PLC;
- lotteries in 18 states within the United States of America; and
- national lotteries in two countries



OUR MARKETS

Spectra's market opportunity has expanded with the introduction of our smartphone authentication solutions for products, tax stamps and banknotes. The ability to empower anyone with a smartphone to authenticate products and banknotes containing our materials transforms the market.

Our TruBrand[™], TruStamp[™] and TruNote[™] suite of solutions are the only materials-based smartphone authentication technologies in the world and rely on our proprietary materials. This is a powerful combination of new and disruptive technologies introduced by one company, which, in the span of two years, has gone from concept to market-ready products for sale and under testing by large volume tobacco suppliers in Asia.

Spectra's current suite of portable reader-based solutions can be used for authenticating and tracking consumer and tax-bearing products. Our reader-based business has grown considerably in Asia and has several recognizable brand owners as customers.

With over 150 billion banknotes manufactured annually worldwide and 85% of all transactions performed using banknotes, this business has proven to be a high quality, long-term revenue source for the Company. With 19 central bank customers and newly developed technologies, particularly for polymer banknotes, we expect continued strong earnings from this sector.

Spectra's secure ICS software products have been augmented with new capabilities and have resulted in revenue growth with existing customers as well as with new ones. Along with the expansion in internet-based lotteries, we expect to provide cloud-based authentication for a potentially large number of customers using our materials-based TruBrand[™], TruStamp[™] and TruNote[™] smartphone authentication.

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OUR SOLUTIONS

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Authentication systems

Spectra's sophisticated capabilities allow us to invent, develop and manufacture integrated solutions comprised of a system of taggant materials and sensor equipment to authenticate banknotes at all levels of security.

- Level I: Provides unique overt, luminescent visual effects, including gas-sensitive materials.
- Level II: Provides the public with a smartphone-based solution to examine banknotes for authenticity and denomination.
- Level III: Used by 19 central banks, including two G7 banks, our covert materials and sensors provide the highest level of banknote security worldwide.

Secure transactions

Spectra's Secure Transactions Group is the leading supplier of real-time fraud control and risk management systems to government-sanctioned gaming operators. Currently deployed in North America, Europe and Asia, our integrity systems monitor and audit more than US\$20 billion in annual sales for online, internet and mobile phone-based lotteries and pari-mutuel organizations.

Premier Integrity ICS benefits and advantages:

- is fully automated independent real-time monitoring;
- supports both online and instant lottery games; and
- monitors online systems from all major vendors.

Smartphone authentication

Spectra's materials-based technology enables end users to authenticate consumer brands and banknotes with a smartphone. This technology eliminates the need for costly readers and allows the consumer to authenticate the product themselves.

- TruBrand[™], TruNote[™] and TruStamp[™] are materials-based technologies that do not rely on easily counterfeited images.
- TruTrack[™] allows brand owners or government authorities to collect the geographic location, time and authentication status of each scan for monitoring and analysis purposes.

Optical materials

In the course of developing our authentication solutions for over a decade, Spectra has created a large number of unique optical materials which are responsive to various forms of excitation, from light to ambient environmental conditions, including gaseous constituents. Our materials are finding new applications in process control, manufacturing and consumer products.

OUR IMPACT

24.9 billion US banknotes in circulation with our materials.

16.5

billion banknotes pass through our authentication sensors annually.

155

million American passports protected by our materials in the last ten years.

950

million dollars of energy drinks sold annually that contain our materials.

10

million bottles of wine protected by our technology over the past three years.

25 million dollars of lottery and gaming transactions processed by Spectra every day.

10 years of pari-mutuel auditing experience.

10 years of sports betting experience.

OUR STRATEGY

Capitalizing on developed technologies and the power of the internet for authentication.

Our solutions

STRATEGIC AIM	Capitalize on existing suite of developed covert material products	Advanced smartphone authentication technology
DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY	Future development of covert materials and sensors will be externally funded Increased focus on polymer banknotes Additional business from existing customers	Leverage TruBrand [™] smartphone technology to create new revenue streams for both materials as well as the Secure Transactions Group Focus on large, billion unit opportunities
PROGRESS	Discussions underway for the development and supply of further upgraded sensor capability to a G7 central bank in response to a standardization requirement Covert security product for a polymer banknote customer in four-phase development	Obtained approval for TruBrand [™] materials on tobacco products sold in China Adoption of TruBrand [™] technology for top-tier tobacco products in China
Ουτιοοκ	New opportunities include G7 and Asian central banks Partnerships with polymer banknote substrate suppliers Expectation to execute a license and supply agreement for a covert security product for polymer banknotes with a major G20 central bank within the next two years	The utilization of the Secure Transactions Group for cloud-based server authentication of TruBrand [™] The licensing of our smartphone technology, TruNote [™] , for the authentication of banknotes Potential to supply polymer substrates with embedded covert features



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CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S STATEMENT

The strong earnings from our covert materials business has been complemented with continued strong sales of high margin brand authentication materials.

Introduction

Through achieving key commercial milestones, as described in the Review of operations below, Spectra Systems has delivered an excellent performance for the 2018 financial year.

Revenue for the year was US\$12,494k (2017: US\$12,170k) due to large orders of covert materials by our G7 customer as well as increased royalties resulting from the exclusive licensing agreement executed in January 2018 for one of our existing products which is in use by 18 central banks through an existing licensee, a major supplier of banknotes worldwide. Adjusted EBITDA (before stock compensation expense and exceptional items) for the year increased 16% to US\$5,045k compared to the prior year of US\$4,349k, which resulted in net income up over 24% at US\$4,055k (2017: US\$3,280k).

Having generated cash from operations of US\$4,740k (2017: US\$4,669k), cash at the period end amounted to US\$12,662k (2017: US\$11,181k), excluding US\$1,099k of restricted cash and investments as of both December 31, 2018 and 2017. This is notwithstanding US\$2,728k paid to shareholders during June in the form of the Company's dividend of US\$0.06 per share.

The Company is therefore declaring an annual dividend up 17% at US\$0.07 per share to be paid in June. The Company will continue to have sufficient cash resources thereafter to execute on its growth plans.

Review of operations

Authentication Systems

The Authentication Systems business, which includes the security phosphor materials, generated revenue of US\$11,204k (2017: US\$10,823k) and adjusted EBITDA of US\$4,584k (2017: US\$3,794k). Authentication Systems revenues are driven by covert material sales and royalties. ((

The Company's newest products are primarily targeted towards polymer banknotes where growth across denominations is outpacing annual increases in paper banknote production.

Nabil M. Lawandy

Chief Executive Officer

We sell covert materials directly to one G7 central bank and indirectly to another G7 central bank and 17 other central banks through our supply and licensing agreements with a major banknote supplier and printer which pays a license royalty for the exclusive rights to our technology. We are pleased to report that we continue to sustain a margin increase from using our in-house manufacturing facility.

The strong earnings from our covert materials business has been complemented with continued strong sales of high margin brand authentication materials.

The TruBrand[™] authentication business is performing on track in spite of strained trade relations with China and continues to have significant prospects bolstered by the adoption of the technology for approximately 10 million packages annually of a high profile cigarette brand commencing early in 2019.

Our optical materials-based product, which allows K-Cups to be compatible and functional with Keurig coffee makers, was a success and is expected to double its sales in 2019. Secure Transactions Group

The Secure Transactions Group performed in line with management expectations, generating adjusted EBITDA of US\$461k (2017: US\$555k) on revenue of US\$1,290k (2017: US\$1,347k).

This segment of the business is producing solid stable revenues and earnings. During 2018, the Secure Transactions Group won three new US state lottery contracts and converted an existing customer to our 64-bit Premier Integrity. The incremental revenue from the contracts is estimated at over US\$1,300k over the full term of the contracts, which range from five to eight years with additional potential from software work plans of up to US\$400k. The performance of these contracts will not require significant additional costs and will therefore have a positive impact on profits from 2019 through 2026. In spite of delays relating to the release of new lottery industry regulations which have stalled additional revenue during 2018 from the usual software development related to the introduction of new games, revenues of the Group were maintained at 2017 levels, showing the success of the newly introduced 64-bit processor products in the Premier Integrity offering. With these regulations nearing finalization, we expect a strong increase in performance in 2019.

Strategy

The Company's strategy for increasing revenue and earnings is focused on brand authentication and specialty optical materials for security applications while maintaining a robust effort to commercialize our covert security technologies, particularly in the area of polymer notes. The brand authentication sector offers significant short-term growth and some very large opportunities for smartphone-based technology while the covert banknote security area provides long-term, multi-decade revenues once new contracts are executed.

Through our close, multi-decade relationship with our direct G7 customer, we have become a trusted supplier of technology and have been asked to bid on several sensor upgrades, including our own sensors which are currently in use. We are confident that this will result in additional business and underpins our strategy of growing our business with existing customers in banknote security.

The Company's newest products are primarily targeted towards polymer banknotes where growth across denominations is outpacing annual increases in paper banknote production. In addition to providing taggants for ink-based polymer note security, we believe that moving up in the supply chain in this area by partnering with a global plastics supplier to provide polymer substrates could be transformative to our business. We believe that the ability to provide a polymer substrate with high security features will provide that leverage. If successful, our revenues per polymer note would experience a substantial increase over just supplying the security features alone.

FIRST ORDERS OF TRUBRAND™

First orders for tobacco products in China with TruBrand $^{\mbox{\scriptsize TM}}$

Spectra Systems Corporation, a leader in machine-readable high speed banknote authentication, brand protection technologies, and gaming security software, is pleased to announce that it has received the first production order for the Company's patented materials-based smartphone authentication product, TruBrand[™]. This first of two expected orders is from Zhejiang Tobacco Company, one of the leading tobacco companies in China. This launch of TruBrand[™], to be incorporated into approximately 6,000,000–8,000,000 cigarette packs to be sold in China, is aimed at gauging acceptance of the TruBrand[™] technology and further refining the product for use in potentially billions of units for larger volume brands in the future.

These first orders are specifically for one of the highest value cigarettes brands in China manufactured by Zhejiang Tobacco, the Liquan Yunduan Series, which retails for 120 RMB (US\$16.80) per pack. Lower priced brands sell for approximately US\$3-US\$5 per pack and are typically in the billions of packs annually. Approximately 60% of the price is believed to go to government tariffs.

((

We are delighted that Zhejiang Tobacco has decided to increase its commitment to the technology from large scale manufacturing testing to introducing the technology to the market with a very sought-after high end tobacco product for sale primarily in China.

TRUBRANT

new Manufacturer's Web

AUTHENTIC

Code A

Nabil M. Lawandy Chief Executive Officer

PHILIP MC

Strategic report

HILIP MORRIS

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S STATEMENT continued

LOTTERY WINS

Two new lottery wins

Spectra Systems Corporation, a leader in machine-readable high speed banknote authentication, brand protection technologies and gaming security software, is pleased to announce that it has been selected by two new US state lottery customers, for eight and seven-year contracts, respectively. The aggregate value of the contracts is estimated at US\$1 million over the full term with additional potential from software work plans of up to US\$0.25 million.

The performance of these contracts will not require additional staffing or significant infrastructure costs and will therefore have a positive impact on profits from 2019–2026.

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We are particularly proud of these contract wins as both are new customers which selected Spectra over our competitors and switched over to our new Integrity products.





Review of operations continued Strategy continued

The banknote industry continues to show resilience with a modulated response to macro-economic realities such as lower interest rates in Europe and Japan and a general level of uncertainty about the stability of the US economy. Recent Deutsche Bank research, supported by US Federal Reserve Bank data, has shown that there are more US\$100 bills in circulation than US\$1 bills for the first time in history. This reflects that these high value denominations are finding their way into mattresses rather than being invested due to the economic climate of interest rates and anxiety over the stability of world markets, both of which are expected to continue for at least the next few years when viewed in the context of political circumstances in the US, the Brexit ripple and China.

Higher denomination notes are the drivers for our covert products and hence this current trend is positive for the Company and further underpins our strategy of continuing to provide new technology to our existing central bank customers, as well as using partnerships to penetrate the less electronic transaction driven parts of the world.

With regards to the brand authentication business, we are focusing on large markets for our products as a means of growth which reflects our sales structure. As tangible progress has been made on the tobacco TruBrand™ opportunity, with first sales to a high profile brand in China, our strategy is to support this first customer with the goal of including TruBrand[™] products in their other brands which have significantly higher volumes. Specifically we expect the current adoption in the Yunduan brand to be in the market beginning April of 2019 through Q2 of 2020 with the subsequent adoption of the technology in larger volume, high value brands offered by Zhejiang Tobacco beginning late 2020. With the tangible progress in tobacco and a plan to grow it initially through one supplier, we are now able to focus more on other applications from automotive to luxury as well as banknotes through the TruNote[™] set of higher security smartphone taggants we have developed.

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The Secure Transactions Group continues to innovate within the lottery ICS industry, reducing cost and increasing efficiency with the introduction of virtualized machines. We expect the use of VM will allow us to win contracts from our competitors by offering more value to the customer and continues to be an integral part of the strategy of the growth of Group revenues.

Prospects

The Company continues to have numerous longer-term and shorter-term prospects. The shorter-term opportunities are expected in the 2019–2021 period and the longer-term opportunities are expected in the timeframe 2022–2025.

The important, near-term opportunities are:

- continued polymer technology sensor development and testing phases with a G20 central bank;
- the commencement of contracted future sensor component subsystem development by a G7 central bank customer;
- the utilization of our phosphors for use by a supplier of products to a major Asian central bank;

- the potential selection of our covert technology by a major Asian central bank after the completion of state elections (we have been offering our technology since our IPO, the central bank has cancelled tenders three times since 2010 and we are in direct competition with six other providers of covert technology);
- the introduction of a highly secure polymer substrate to the market both directly as well as through partnerships with printers;
- additional TruBrand[™] tobacco orders in China for larger volume brands within our current customer's product offering beginning late in 2020; and
- additional growth in the K-Cup business with new and existing printers serving the independent coffee market seeking compatibility with Keurig products.

The longer-term opportunities are:

- a licensing and supply agreement for polymer-based technology developed through external funding with a major central bank;
- the development and supply of further upgraded sensor capability to a G7 central bank following the contracted development phase; and
- the sale of polymer banknote substrates and sensors.

We are pleased that we are able to supplement our sustained and growing profitability with a number of near-term and longer-term prospects of a significant scale. We believe that we have a number of transformative opportunities ahead in several aspects of our business that will sustain and potentially accelerate our earnings for our shareholders.

With the Company having a fourth year of sustainable profits, reaching their highest levels since listing and having sufficient resources to execute on its growth plans with its existing cash reserves, the Board is delighted to increase the annual dividend for a second straight year. Its dividend policy takes account of the Group's profitability, underlying growth, and the maintenance of sufficient cash reserves. The Board therefore intends to pay an annual dividend of US\$0.07 per share on or about June 28, 2019 to shareholders of record as of June 7, 2019.

Nabil M. Lawandy

Chief Executive Officer March 25, 2019

FUNDING SENSOR DEVELOPMENT

G20 central bank begins funding sensor development

Spectra Systems Corporation, a leader in machine-readable high speed banknote authentication and brand protection technologies, announces that it was engaged on Friday (May 11, 2018) to commence Phase I of a four-phase funded sensor development with a G20 central bank for use with polymer banknotes. The successful completion of all phases is expected to result in a long-term sensor and materials supply agreement commencing around 2022.

Dr. Nabil Lawandy, Chief Executive Officer, stated: "We are excited that one of our polymer security features is on track for adoption by a G20 central bank. Once completed, this will be a decade or longer direct sale rather than a license and supply arrangement through a partner. We expect that this will firmly establish our capabilities and products for use in the growing polymer banknote segment of the market."





BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Our Board of Directors has a collective responsibility to shareholders for the sustainable long-term success of the business.

BJ Penn Non-executive Chairman C G N

Mr. Penn was Acting Secretary of the US Navy from March to May 2009, having previously been Assistant Secretary of the US Navy (Installations and Environment) since 2005. Mr. Penn began his career as a Naval Aviator and was named EA-6B Pilot of the Year in 1972. Throughout his distinguished career, significant leadership assignments included: Executive Officer/Commanding Officer VAQ 33, Battalion Officer at the US Naval Academy, Air Officer in USS America, Special Assistant to the Chief of Naval Operations, Commanding Officer of NAS North Island, CA, and Deputy Director of the Navy Office of Technology Transfer & Security Assistance. Mr. Penn left the Navy in 1995, joining Loral Corporation as Director of International Business. In 1996, Loral sold its defense electronics and system integration businesses to Lockheed Martin and Mr. Penn was assigned to Lockheed Martin's corporate staff. Mr. Penn returned to the US Navy in 2001 as Director of Industrial Base Assessments.

Mr. Penn received his BS in Industrial Technology from Purdue University and his MS in Human Resource Management and Personnel Administration from the George Washington University. Mr. Penn has also received certificates in Aerospace Safety from the University of Southern California and in National Security for Senior Officials from the Kennedy School, Harvard University. Mr. Penn serves as Trustee at the George Washington University and is on the Board of the Naval Aviation Museum.

Nabil Lawandy President and Chief Executive Officer

Dr. Lawandy is the founder. President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Dr. Lawandy started his career at the NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, where he was a pioneer in the development of sub-millimeter optically pumped lasers. From 1981 to 1999. Dr. Lawandy was a tenured full professor of Engineering and Physics at Brown University, where his work focused on instabilities in single and multimode lasers and a wide spectrum of non-linear optics and atom-field interaction problems. In addition to Spectra Systems Corporation, Dr. Lawandy has founded two other companies, Spectra Disc Corporation and Solaris Nanosciences, and has raised over US\$80 million in investment capital.

Dr. Lawandy holds a BA in Physics, and an MS and PhD in Chemistry, all from Johns Hopkins University. Dr. Lawandy has authored over 180 reviewed scientific papers an is an inventor on over 80 US and foreign issued patents. His entrepreneurial and scientific work has been covered in several high profile publications including the London Financial Times, the Economist, Scientific American, Science News, the Wall Street Journal, Los Angeles Times, the Boston Globe, Fox News and BBC Television. Dr. Lawandy has also received a Presidential Young Investigator Award, an Alfred P. Sloan Fellowship, a Cottrell Award, a Rolex Award for Enterprise and a Samuel Slater Award for Innovation.

Donald Stanford Non-executive Director

Mr. Stanford, who was from 1979 until 2001 the Chief Technical Officer of GTECH Corporation, is an Adjunct Professor of Computer Science and Engineering at Brown University and is an instructor in the Program in Innovation, Management, and Entrepreneurship (PRIME). Mr. Stanford is also on the faculty of Brown's School of Professional Studies. Mr. Stanford is a founding member of GTECH (renamed IGT) and, over the course of 30 years, he held every technical leadership position, including Vice President of Advanced Development and Chief Technology Officer. Mr. Stanford serves on several boards including YearUp Providence and the Business Innovation Factory. Mr. Stanford is a founding board member of Times2 STEM Charter School in Providence and served on its board for 20 years. In 2008, Mr. Stanford was re-engaged by IGT as a consultant.

Mr. Stanford is a past member of the RI Science and Technology Advisory Council. Mr. Stanford also served on the Brown advisory councils to the President and the School of Engineering. Mr. Stanford holds a BA in International Relations and an MS in Computer Science and Applied Mathematics, both from Brown University. In 1999, Mr. Stanford received both the Black Engineer of the Year Award for Professional Achievement and the Honorable Thurgood Marshall Award for Community Service from the NAACP. In 2002, Mr. Stanford received the Brown Graduate School's Distinguished Graduate Award and the RI Professional Engineer's Award for Community Service.

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A Audit Committee

C Compensation Committee

G Government Security Committee

N Nominating Committee

Committee Chairman

Martin Jaskel Non-executive Director

Mr. Jaskel has over 40 years of involvement in the financial services industry. Mr. Jaskel began in the United Kingdom government bond market as a broker with leading firms, latterly as a Partner in W Greenwell & Co. In 1986, W Greenwell was sold to Midland Bank. In 1988, Mr. Jaskel was appointed Director of Global Sales and Marketing of Midland Montagu Treasury (the treasury division of Midland Bank) after chairing a committee to redesign the distribution of treasury products. In 1990, Mr. Jaskel was appointed Director of Global Sales at NatWest Treasury and rebuilt the franchise's global distribution of treasury and capital markets products.

In 1994, Mr. Jaskel was promoted to Managing Director of Global Trade and Banking Services. Mr. Jaskel sat on the advisory board of ECGD, the UK export-import bank, and sat on several government and Bank of England advisory boards. In 1997, Mr. Jaskel left NatWest and founded a financial services consultancy, which included a consultancy at KPMG Corporate Finance and the corporate FX division of Travelex plc, and an interim appointment as the Managing Director of a private real estate company with a £500 million portfolio of commercial and residential property. In 2005, Mr. Jaskel joined European American Capital Limited, an FCA-authorized and regulated specialized advisory bank, as a Director. Mr. Jaskel has wide experience as a Non-executive Director of both publicly quoted and private companies.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Our senior management team highlights our strong internal talent base, providing clear direction and support for all areas of the business.

Brian McLain Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary

Mr. McLain has been Spectra's Chief Financial Officer since January 2017. With extensive financial experience in both public and private businesses. Mr. McLain is responsible for managing all financial and administrative functions of Spectra Systems. Before joining Spectra, Mr. McLain served as the Corporate Controller for OMNIlife Science, Inc. and was responsible for all financial and accounting operations. Prior to OMNI, Mr. McLain progressed from the role of Corporate Controller to Vice President, Finance & Business Solutions at SeraCare Life Sciences, Inc. which was quoted on NASDAQ prior to being bought out in 2012. Previously, Mr. McLain served in various roles at International Power, a UK-owned power producer, and Excelergy Corporation, a venture-backed software business. Mr. McLain started his career at Arthur Andersen, assisting clients with financial statement preparation and other accounting needs. Mr. McLain holds a BS from Boston College and is a licensed Certified Public Accountant.

William Goltsos Vice President of Engineering G

Dr. Goltsos has been Spectra's Vice President, Engineering, from April 2000 to the present. From September 1996 to April 2000, Dr. Goltsos served as a Senior Systems Engineer for Spectra. Prior to that, from 1992 to 1996, Dr. Goltsos served as a Staff Member of the MIT/Lincoln Laboratory's Optical Communications Group. Dr. Goltsos holds a PhD in Physics from Brown University, an MS in Physics from Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute.

James Cherry Director of Business Development

Mr. Cherry serves as Director of Business Development. Mr. Cherry joined the Company in 2002 from Auspex Systems, an enterprise network data storage system business, where he had been involved in marketing and product management for seven years. Prior to that, Mr. Cherry had worked for five years at DuPont in product management.

Andrei Smuk Director of Research and Development

Dr. Smuk, who joined the Company in 2000, was appointed Director of Research and Development in 2006. Dr. Smuk is responsible for the development of advanced materials and innovative sensor systems. Dr. Smuk received a PhD in Physics from Brown University in 2000 and an MS in Applied Physics from the Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology in 1994. Corporate governance

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Chairman's statement

The Board of Directors recognizes the importance of sound corporate governance to give our shareholders and other stakeholders confidence in our business. As Chairman of the Board, I have ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Board adopts and implements a recognized corporate governance code in accordance with our stock market listing on the AIM market of the London Stock Exchange. Accordingly, during 2018, the Board has adopted the Quoted Companies Alliance (QCA) Corporate Governance Code 2018. The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) has responsibility for the implementation of governance throughout our organization under the direction of the Board.

The QCA Corporate Governance Code 2018 has ten key principles and we set out below how we apply those principles to our business.

The Honorable BJ Penn Chairman of the Board April 3, 2019

PRINCIPLE 1:

Establish a strategy and business model which promote long-term value for shareholders Please refer to pages 2 through 5 for the details of our strategy and business model.

PRINCIPLE 2:

Seek to understand and meet shareholder needs and expectations

The Board is committed to understanding and meeting the needs and expectations of its shareholders and believes that maintaining good communications is the best way to do so. The Company informs shareholders though regulatory news announcements and on its corporate website. All shareholders are encouraged to attend the Annual General Meeting. Subject to confidentiality and regulatory restrictions, the CEO meets with shareholders by appointment, which the Board believes has been successful.

PRINCIPLE 3:

Take into account wider stakeholder and social responsibilities and their implications for long-term success

The long-term success of the Company is dependent on its relationships with its various stakeholders: customers, suppliers and employees amongst others. The Company has built strong relationships with its customers and considers itself a business partner, helping its customers develop solutions to meet their needs. The management team is in constant contact with its customers and seeks feedback to determine customer needs. The Company also maintains relationships with its key suppliers to ensure it is updated on new developments that may be utilized to the benefit of our customers. Our employees are also a key factor in the successful growth of the Company. Management is in constant contact with its employees and encourages employees to generate new ideas. To align employees with the long-term success of the Company, key employees have been granted stock options.

PRINCIPLE 4:

Embed effective risk management, considering both opportunities and threats, throughout the organization

As a small cap company quoted on the AIM market of the London Stock Exchange, the Board is sensitive to the impact of risks upon the Company. The Board meets with Company management on a regular basis to monitor the risks facing the Company and identify appropriate measures to mitigate any potential impact. The Board assures itself of the efficacy of risk management and related control systems through corporate performance and periodic reports.

PRINCIPLE 5:

Maintain the board as a well-functioning, balanced team led by the chair

The Board is responsible for formulating, reviewing and approving the Company's strategy, budgets and corporate actions. Please refer to page 20 for the details of our Board structure and Committees. Given the size of the Board, Committee topics are often discussed by the full Board rather than limited to each Committee's members. This allows the full Board to stay informed of the particular issues being addressed by each Committee. During 2018, each Director attended 100% of the Board meetings and the Committee meetings of which they are members.

PRINCIPLE 6:

Ensure that between them the directors have the necessary up-to-date experience, skills and capabilities

The Board of Directors brings a broad range of skills to address the challenges faced by a company that sells its products worldwide. The Board consists of highly experienced professionals with complementary backgrounds that meet the needs of the Company. Each Director is responsible for maintaining his or her own skill set, part of which is achieved by remaining active in industry. The Nominating Committee of the Board is tasked with finding and nominating qualified candidates to serve on the Board. Please refer to our Directors' biographies on pages 10 and 11 for more information on our Board of Directors. In addition to the Directors, our Chief Financial Officer and outside General Counsel attend all Board meetings and bring financial, legal and business acumen to Board discussions. The Board and its Committees will also seek external expertise and advice where required.

PRINCIPLE 7:

Evaluate board performance based on clear and relevant objectives, seeking continuous improvement

The Board evaluation process is designed to identify opportunities for improving the performance of the Board and to ensure it has the necessary skills and experience to fulfill its responsibilities both today and in the future, through adequate succession planning to the degree appropriate given the size of the Company. Given the current size of the Company, the evaluation process is performed internally, by the Board, on an ongoing basis. Any deficiencies identified will be addressed in a constructive manner and, if necessary, changes of the Board will be considered in conjunction with the Nominating Committee.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT continued

PRINCIPLE 8:

Promote a corporate culture that is based on ethical values and behaviors

The transnational nature of our business operations requires firm action on our part to work with integrity. As a Company, we strive to conduct ourselves according to the highest standards of ethical conduct. Throughout its operations, Spectra seeks to avoid even the appearance of impropriety in the actions of its Directors, officers, employees and agents. The Board has implemented policies to promote ethical conduct and relies on the management team to ensure ethical values and behaviors are respected.

PRINCIPLE 9:

Maintain governance structures and processes that are fit for purpose and support good decision making by the board

The Board takes responsibility for the performance of the Company and ensures that all decisions are taken in the best interest of the Company. Although the Board has delegated the operational management of the Company to the CEO and other senior management, the Board retains oversight of their actions and retains approval authority for acquisitions, dividend payments and significant expenditures and contracts.

The Chairman is responsible for leadership of the Board and ensuring its effectiveness. The Chairman, with the assistance of the CEO, sets the Board's agenda and ensures that adequate time is available for proper discussion of all items.

The CEO is responsible for running the business and implementing the decisions and policies of the Board. The CEO is also responsible for accurate, appropriate and timely communications with shareholders.

While not a Board member, the CFO attends all Board meetings. The CFO is responsible for the Company's finances, human resources and compliance activities. The CFO seeks the advice of outside General Counsel when necessary.

The Non-executive Directors are appointed to provide strategic advice and independent oversight as well as to challenge the CEO.

The Board may create or disband Committees depending on the operations of the Company. The Board has established the following Committees to assist with oversight and governance: Audit, Compensation, Nominating and Government Security.

The Audit Committee has primary responsibility for monitoring the quality of internal controls and ensuring that the financial performance of the Company is properly measured and reported on. It will receive and review reports from the Company's management and auditor relating to the interim and annual accounts and the accounting and internal control systems in use throughout the Company. The Audit Committee will meet no less than three times each financial year and will have unrestricted access to the Company's auditor. The Audit Committee comprises Martin Jaskel as Chairman, Donald Stanford and Nabil Lawandy.

The Compensation Committee reviews the performance of Executive Directors and makes recommendations to the Board on matters relating to their remuneration and terms of employment. The Committee also makes recommendations to the Board on proposals for the granting of share options and other equity incentives pursuant to any share option scheme or equity incentive scheme in operation from time to time. The Compensation Committee comprises Donald Stanford as Chairman, Martin Jaskel and BJ Penn.

The Nominating Committee comprises Martin Jaskel as Chairman, BJ Penn and Donald Stanford. The Committee seeks and nominates qualified candidates for election or appointment to Spectra's Board of Directors.

The Security Committee is responsible for ensuring the implementation within the Company of all procedures, organizational matters and other aspects pertaining to the security and safeguarding of information, including the exercise of appropriate oversight and monitoring of operations to ensure that protective measures are effectively maintained and implemented. The Security Committee comprises BJ Penn as Chairman and Nabil Lawandy.

PRINCIPLE 10:

Communicate how the company is governed and is performing by maintaining a dialogue with shareholders and other relevant stakeholders

The Board is committed to maintaining good communication with all of its stakeholders, including shareholders. The Company's website, and its Investor Relations section in particular, provides useful information to assist stakeholders in assessing the performance of the Company.

Results of shareholder meetings and details of votes cast will be publicly announced through the regulatory information system. The Board will seek to understand the reasons behind any significant votes cast against a resolution at any general meeting.

Board Committee reports are included in the Company's annual report.

COMMITTEE REPORTS

Audit Committee report

Dear Shareholder

I am pleased to present our Audit Committee report for 2018 which describes our activities and areas of focus during the year ended December 31, 2018. The Board is satisfied that the members of the Audit Committee bring a wide range of skills, expertise, experience and competence relevant to the sector in which the Company operates and that Martin Jaskel possesses the necessary recent and relevant financial experience to effectively chair the Committee.

The main role of the Audit Committee includes:

- monitoring the integrity of the Company's financial statements, including reviewing its annual and half-year financial statements and accounting policies;
- reviewing the effectiveness of the internal controls and risk management; and
- overseeing the relationship with the Company's auditor, Miller Wachman LLP, and assessing the effectiveness of the external audit.

The Audit Committee intends to meet no less than three times each financial year. Given the size of the Company, all Board members typically attend the Audit Committee meetings. In addition, the Chief Financial Officer and the Company's outside General Counsel typically attend the Audit Committee meetings. During 2018, the Audit Committee:

- re-appointed Miller Wachman LLP as the Company's external auditor;
- reviewed and recommended to the Board the approval of the 2017 annual report and the 2018 half-year results announcement;
- reviewed the accounting treatment of the licensing agreement executed in January 2018; and
- reviewed the audit approach and scope of the audit work to be undertaken by the external auditor and associated fee.

Martin Jaskel

Chairman April 3, 2019

Nominating Committee report

Dear Shareholder

I am pleased to present our Nominating Committee report for 2018 which describes our activities and areas of focus during the year ended December 31, 2018. The main role of the Committee is to review the structure, size and composition of the Board, identify and propose to the Board suitable candidates to fill Board positions and keep under review the leadership needs of the Company.

Given the size of the Company, all Board members typically attend the Nominating Committee meetings. In addition, the Chief Financial Officer and the Company's outside General Counsel typically attend the Nominating Committee meetings. During 2018, the Nominating Committee reviewed the composition, size and structure of the Board.

Martin Jaskel

Chairman April 3, 2019

Compensation Committee report

Dear Shareholder

I am pleased to present our Compensation Committee report for 2018 which describes our activities and areas of focus during the year ended December 31, 2018. The Compensation Committee reviews the performance of Executive Directors and makes recommendations to the Board on matters relating to their compensation and terms of employment. The Committee also makes recommendations to the Board on proposals for the granting of share options and other equity incentives pursuant to any share option scheme or equity incentive scheme in operation from time to time. The Compensation Committee aims to provide a competitive compensation package which will attract and retain Directors and management with the requisite experience and ability to manage the Company and generate superior long-term performance. The four main elements of the compensation package are: base salary, annual bonus, benefits and share options. Given the size of the Company, all Board members typically attend the Compensation Committee meetings. In addition, the Chief Financial Officer and the Company's outside General Counsel typically attend the Compensation Committee meetings.

During 2018, the Compensation Committee:

- assessed the 2017 performance of the Chief Executive Officer and approved a bonus of US\$200,000 based on the exceptional financial results for 2017;
- benchmarked Board compensation against similar sized companies and increased Board compensation to US\$30,000 per annum; and
- approved the issuance of stock options to key employees throughout the organization.

Donald Stanford

Chairman April 3, 2019

Directors' interests

The Directors' beneficial interests in the common stock of the Company were as follows:

	De	cember 31,
Ordinary shares	2018	2017
N. Lawandy	1,883,540	1,883,540
M. Jaskel	71,832	37,963
	1,955,372	1,921,503

Directors' compensation

The following table details the Directors' earned compensation for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	Salary and bonus	Benefits	Board fees	Total compensation
Executive Directors				
N. Lawandy	\$ 475,000	\$ 35,554	\$ _	\$ 510,554
Non-executive Directors				
B. Penn	_	_	27,000	27,000
M. Jaskel	_	_	27,000	27,000
D. Stanford	—	_	27,000	27,000
Total	\$ 475,000	\$ 35,554	\$ 81,000	\$ 591,554

Directors' share options

At December 31, 2018, Directors had options or warrants to purchase ordinary shares under the Company's stock option plan as follows:

	Options held at December 31, 2018	Weighted average exercise price	Options vested at December 31, 2018
N. Lawandy	4,030,292	\$ 0.56	4,030,292
B. Penn	220,000	0.50	220,000
M. Jaskel	100,000	0.37	100,000
D. Stanford	220,000	0.50	220,000
	4,570,292	\$ 0.55	4,570,292

DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the year ended December 31, 2018

The Directors present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Domicile

Spectra Systems Corporation is a C corporation and is registered and domiciled in the United States of America.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company is to invent, develop and sell integrated optical systems that provide customers with increased efficiency, security tracking and product life. The integrated systems combine consumables and engineered optical materials with software and hardware for use in applications. The Company also provides software tools to the lottery and gaming industries for fraud, money laundering and match fixing detection, as well as statistical analysis.

Results and dividends

The Company's statements of income and other comprehensive income are set out on page 23 and show the results for each year.

There are nominal federal and state income tax liabilities on the respective income tax returns due to timing differences arising between items of income and expense recorded on the books and those reported on the tax returns. Additionally, the Company has approximately US\$19 million in federal net operating loss carryforwards to offset future income reported on the respective tax returns.

The Directors intend to pay a dividend of US\$0.07 per share on or about June 28, 2019 to shareholders of record as of June 7, 2019.

Review of business and future developments

A review of the operations of the Group is contained in the Spectra at a glance review on pages 2 and 3.

Principal risks and uncertainties and financial risk management Complex products

Certain of the products produced by the Company are highly complex and are designed to be used in complex systems. Failure to correct errors or other problems identified after deployment could result in events that may have a negative effect on the Company's business and financial condition.

Technological change

Markets for the Company's products may become characterized by rapidly changing technology, evolving industry standards and increasingly sophisticated customer requirements. The introduction of products embodying new technology and the emergence of new industry standards could render the Company's existing products obsolete and unmarketable and may exert pricing pressure on existing products. If the Company could not then develop products that remain competitive in terms of technology and price and that meet customer needs, this could have a negative impact on the business.

Expiry of patents

All patents have a limited duration of enforceability. US patents generally have a duration of 20 years from the filing date. Once a patent expires, the invention disclosed in the patent may be freely used by the public without accounting to the patent owner, as long as there are no other unexpired patents that embrace an aspect of the invention. There is no certainty that any improvement, new use or new formulation will be patented to extend the protection of the underlying invention or provide additional coverage to adequately protect the invention. As a result, the public may have the right to freely use the invention described in and previously protected by an expired patent.

Dependence on key personnel

The success of the Company's revenues is dependent on a limited number of employees, in particular the Chief Executive Officer and other managers with technological and development input. The Company has endeavored to ensure that its key employees are incentivized but cannot guarantee the retention of these staff.

Forward-looking statements

All statements, other than statements of historical fact, contained in this document constitute "forward-looking statements". In some cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by terms such as "may", "intend", "might", "will", "should", "could", "would", "believe", or the negative of these terms and similar expressions. Such forward-looking statements are based on assumptions and estimates, and involve risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, financial condition, performance or achievements of the Company, or industry results to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forwardlooking statements. New factors may emerge from time to time that could cause the Company's business not to develop as it expects and it is not possible for the Company to predict all such factors. Given these uncertainties, investors are cautioned not to place any undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. Except as required by law, the Company disclaims any obligation to update any such forward-looking statements in this document to reflect future events or developments.

Key performance indicators (in thousands)

- Revenue of US\$12,494k (2017: US\$12,170k).
- Adjusted EBITDA of US\$5,045k (2017: US\$4,349k).
- Adjusted PBTA of US\$4,782 (2017: US\$4,010k).
- Adjusted earnings per share of US9.8¢ (2017: US8.8¢).

Post-reporting date events

None.

Financial instruments

Details of the use of financial instruments by the Company are contained in note B of the financial statements.

Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements on the basis of preparation set out in note A of the financial statements and in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (US GAAP). The Directors of the Company are responsible for the document in which the financial information is included.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with US GAAP, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions, disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with all legal requirements. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Substantial shareholdings

The following shareholders held 3% or more of the issued common stock of the Company at December 31, 2018:

Slater Salam rald Investment Management Ltd.	Ordinary shares	% issued
Mercantile Investment Company Ltd.	6,800,000	14.94
N. Slater	4,091,471	8.99
O. Salam	3,594,464	7.90
Herald Investment Management Ltd.	2,929,300	6.44
N. Lawandy	1,883,540	4.14
H. Heye	1,813,850	3.99
	21,112,625	46.40

DIRECTORS' REPORT continued

for the year ended December 31, 2018

Corporate governance

At both December 31, 2018 and the date of this report, the Board comprised one Executive Director, Nabil Lawandy, and three independent Non-executive Directors, BJ Penn as Chairman, Martin Jaskel and Donald Stanford. The Board usually meets at least every three months to closely monitor the progress of the Company towards the achievement of budgets, targets and strategic objectives.

Board attendance in 2018

N. Lawandy	President and Chief Executive Officer	7/7	100%
B. Penn	Non-executive Chairman	7/7	100%
M. Jaskel	Non-executive Director	7/7	100%
D. Stanford	Non-executive Director	7/7	100%

The Board also operates four Committees, the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee, the Nominating Committee and the Government Security Committee.

The Audit Committee comprises Martin Jaskel as Chairman, Nabil Lawandy and Donald Stanford. It has primary responsibility for monitoring the quality of internal controls and ensuring that the financial performance of the Company is properly measured and reported on. It will receive and review reports from the Company's management and auditor relating to the interim and annual accounts and the accounting and internal control systems in use throughout the Company. The Audit Committee intends to meet no less than three times each financial year and will have unrestricted access to the Company's auditor.

The Compensation Committee comprises Donald Stanford as Chairman, Martin Jaskel and BJ Penn. It reviews the performance of the Executive Directors and makes recommendations to the Board on matters relating to remuneration and terms of employment. The Committee also makes recommendations to the Board on proposals for the granting of share options and other equity incentives pursuant to any share options scheme or equity incentive scheme in operation from time to time.

The Nominating Committee comprises Martin Jaskel as Chairman, BJ Penn and Donald Stanford. The Committee seeks and nominates qualified candidates for election or appointment to Spectra's Board of Directors.

The Government Security Committee comprises BJ Penn as Chairman and Nabil Lawandy. It is responsible for ensuring the implementation within the Company of all procedures, organizational matters and other aspects pertaining to the security and safeguarding of information, including the exercise of appropriate oversight and the monitoring of operations to ensure that protective measures are effectively maintained and implemented. The Board intends to comply with Rule 21 of the AIM Rules relating to Directors' dealings and will also take all reasonable steps to ensure compliance by the Company's applicable employees. The Company has adopted a share dealing code for this purpose on substantially the same terms as the Model Code.

Website publication

The Directors are responsible for ensuring the annual report and the financial statements are made available on a website. Financial statements are published on the Company's website in accordance with legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements, which may vary from legislation in other jurisdictions. The maintenance and integrity of the Company's website is the responsibility of the Directors. The Directors' responsibility also extends to the ongoing integrity of the financial statements contained therein.

Auditor

All of the current Directors have made themselves aware of any information needed by the Company's auditor for the purposes of its audit and have established that the auditor is aware of that information. The Directors are not aware of any relevant information of which the auditor is unaware.

Miller Wachman LLP has expressed its willingness to continue as the Company's auditor and a resolution to re-appoint Miller Wachman LLP will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board

Brian McLain

Company Secretary April 3, 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Spectra Systems Corporation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Spectra Systems Corporation, which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related statements of income and other comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Spectra Systems Corporation as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

ler Wachman LLP

Miller Wachman LLP Boston, Massachusetts March 15, 2019

BALANCE SHEETS

December 31, 2018 and 2017

		2018		2017
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,662,410	\$	11,180,578
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of US\$69,592 and US\$48,000 in 2018 and 2017, respectively		1,075,335		1,244,507
Other receivables		138,615		180,794
Inventory		3,269,496		3,754,610
Prepaid expenses		141,161		115,887
Total current assets		17,287,017		16,476,376
Property, plant and equipment, net		1,586,635		1,794,460
Other assets				
Intangible assets, net		6,696,867		6,966,367
Restricted cash and investments		1,099,021		1,099,021
Deferred tax assets		1,400,000		1,225,000
Other assets		150,215		151,391
Total other assets		9,346,103		9,441,779
Total assets	\$	28,219,755	\$	27,712,615
Liabilities and stockholders' equity				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	269,332	\$	200,242
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		827,376		1,520,736
Taxes payable		2,504		8,178
Deferred revenue		703,182		1,074,184
Total current liabilities		1,802,394		2,803,340
Non-current liabilities				
Deferred revenue		540,389		457,786
Total non-current liabilities		540,389		457,786
Total liabilities		2,342,783		3,261,126
Commitments and contingencies (note J)				
Stockholders' equity				
Common stock, US\$0.01 par value, 125,000,000 shares authorized at December 31, 2018 and 2017; 45,504,623 and 45,434,754 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2018		455.044		454 240
and 2017, respectively		455,046 55,389,977		454,348 55,223,989
Additional paid-in capital – common stock Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(113,600)		(105,254
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(113,600) (29,854,451)		(105,254)
Total stockholders' equity		25,876,972		24,451,489
· ·	<i>¢</i>		¢	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	28,219,755	\$	27,712,615

STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
Revenues		
Product	\$ 8,605,015	\$ 9,388,129
Service	1,830,339	1,629,412
Royalty	2,058,209	1,152,231
Total revenues	12,493,563	12,169,772
Cost of sales	3,526,922	3,514,245
Gross profit	8,966,641	8,655,527
Operating expenses		
Research and development	1,830,229	1,765,149
General and administrative	2,570,464	3,293,262
Sales and marketing	677,101	566,544
Total operating expenses	5,077,794	5,624,955
Income from operations	3,888,847	3,030,572
Other income/(expense)		
Interest income	157,630	60,480
Foreign currency income (loss)	(10,643)	1,680
Total other income, net	146,987	62,160
Income before provision for income taxes	4,035,834	3,092,732
Income tax benefit	19,115	187,350
Net income	\$ 4,054,949	\$ 3,280,082
Earnings per share		
Basic	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.07
Diluted	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.07
Weighted average number of common shares		
Basic	45,463,480	45,369,084
Diluted	48,936,428	47,881,783
Other comprehensive income (loss)		
Unrealized gain (loss) on currency exchange	\$ (18,989)	\$ 9,739
Reclassification for realized gain (loss) in net income	 10,643	(1,680)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(8,346)	8,059
Comprehensive income	\$ 4,046,603	\$ 3,288,141

STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

	Common stock					Othe				Total
-	Shares		Amount		Additional paid-in capital	Accumulated deficit		Other comprehensive loss		stockholders' equity
Balance at December 31, 2016	45,251,370	\$	452,514	\$!	55,061,067	\$ (32,131,338)	\$	(113,313)	\$	23,268,930
Compensation cost related to amortization of stock options	_		_		122,956	_		_		122,956
Reclassification for realized loss in net income	_		_		_	_		(1,680)		(1,680)
Unrealized loss on currency exchange	_		_		_	_		9,739		9,739
Exercise of stock options	183,384		1,834		39,966	_		_		41,800
Dividends paid	_		_		_	(2,270,338)		_		(2,270,338)
Net income	_		_		_	3,280,082		_		3,280,082
Balance at December 31, 2017	45,434,754	\$	454,348	\$!	55,223,989	\$ (31,121,594)	\$	(105,254)	\$	24,451,489
Compensation cost related to amortization of stock options	_		_		155,886	_		_		155,886
Reclassification for realized loss in net income	_		_		_	_		10,643		10,643
Unrealized loss on currency exchange	_		_		_	_		(18,989)		(18,989)
Exercise of stock options	69,869		698		10,102	_		_		10,800
Dividends paid	_		_		_	(2,728,117)		_		(2,728,117)
Net income	_		_		_	4,054,949		_		4,054,949
Adoption impact of ASC 606	_		_		_	(59,689)		_		(59,689)
Balance at December 31, 2018	45,504,623	\$	455,046	\$!	55,389,977	\$ (29,854,451)	\$	(113,600)	\$	25,876,972

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

	 2018	2017
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 4,054,949	\$ 3,280,082
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,005,025	1,103,388
Stock-based compensation expense	155,886	122,956
Deferred taxes	(175,000)	(236,000)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	6,500	35,500
Inventory obsolescence	250,291	92,426
Loss on sale of property and equipment	1,428	32,420
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	147,580	1,258,223
Other receivable	57,271	(12,106)
Inventory	234,823	(932,365)
Prepaid expenses	(27,402)	(9,873)
Other assets	667	3,156
Accounts payable	69,525	(170,319)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(696,405)	89,042
Deferred revenue	 (344,759)	12,965
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,740,379	4,669,495
Cash flows from investing activities		
Restricted cash and investments	-	(7,289)
Payment of patent and trademark costs	(325,245)	(395,711)
Payment of software costs	-	(8,575)
Cash proceeds on sale of property and equipment	-	405,400
Purchases of property, plant, and equipment	(205,958)	(71,276)
Net cash used in investing activities	(531,203)	(77,451)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Dividends paid	(2,728,117)	(2,270,338)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	10,800	41,800
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,717,317)	 (2,228,538)
Effect of exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents	(10,027)	9,204
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,481,832	2,372,710
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year	11,180,578	8,807,868
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$ 12,662,410	\$ 11,180,578
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information		
Income taxes paid	\$ 111,351	\$ 41,331
Non-cash investing activities		
Acquisition of patents through accounts payable	\$ 42,943	\$ 33,008

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION

for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Note A - Corporate information

Spectra Systems Corporation (the "Company") develops and sells integrated optical systems that provide customers with increased efficiency, security tracking and product life. The integrated systems combine consumables and engineered optical materials with software and hardware for use in applications. The Company develops and sells its integrated solutions across a spectrum of markets, including currency manufacturing and cleaning, branded products, industrial logistics and other highly sensitive documents. The Company also provides software tools to the lottery and gaming industries for fraud, money laundering and match fixing detection, as well as statistical analysis.

The Company was incorporated on July 3, 1996 in Delaware as Spectra Acquisition Corp. On August 26, 1996, the Company purchased substantially all of the assets of SSC Science Corporation and changed its name to Spectra Science Corporation. The assets were purchased for US\$1,654,000 in cash plus common stock warrants. The acquisition was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting.

On June 8, 2001, the Company changed its name to Spectra Systems Corporation.

On July 25 2011, the Company raised US\$20,241,179, net of offering costs, on the London Stock Exchange in a placing of 18,592,320 common shares at a placing price of £0.753 per new common share, representing 41.09% of the enlarged common share capital of the Company. As a result of the offering, anti-dilution provisions found in the Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation converted all of the issued and outstanding preferred shares into 17,185,052 common shares, giving 26,659,050 common shares in issue at the time of the placing.

On June 6, 2012, the Company acquired all of the assets of ESI Integrity, Inc., including its proprietary source codes, multi-year contracts, long-standing customer relationships and assumed liabilities. US\$1,425,000 was paid in consideration for the assets.

On September 14, 2012, the Company acquired certain assets of Lapis Software Associates, including its proprietary source codes, multi-year and long-standing customer relationships, and assumed liabilities. US\$726,000 was paid in consideration for the assets.

On February 28, 2014, the Company acquired certain assets of Inksure Technologies, Inc., including its long-standing customer relationships and authentication technology. US\$1,356,000 was paid in consideration for the assets.

On September 30, 2015, the Company acquired certain assets of Solaris Nanosciences, Inc. ("Solaris"), including technology and customer relationships in exchange for US\$213,917 in cash. The Company also recorded US\$184,000 in contingent payments based on a royalty payment arrangement for anticipated continuing business.

On January 28, 2016, the Company acquired certain specialty phosphor assets including technology and customer relationships. The total consideration amounted to US\$3,118,489.

Note B - Significant accounting policies

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAP) requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The accounting estimates that require management's most difficult and subjective judgments include the assessment of recoverability of property, plant, and equipment; the valuation of inventory; intangible assets; stock-based compensation; and the recognition and measurement of income tax assets and liabilities. The actual results may differ materially from management's estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers highly liquid investment purchases with a maturity of 90 days or less at the date of acquisition to be cash equivalents.

Restricted cash and investments

Restricted cash and investments represent a certificate of deposit held as collateral for certain performance requirements in accordance with terms of a services contract. As of both December 31, 2018 and 2017, the agreement required that US\$500,000 be maintained as collateral. The collateral will be released as the Company meets contractual milestones. Restricted cash and investments of US\$1,099,021 as of both December 31, 2018 and 2017 are certificates of deposit whose maturity exceeded 90 days at the date of acquisition, of which US\$500,000 is restricted.

Significant concentrations

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk, consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and trade accounts receivable. The Company's cash management policies restrict investments to low-risk highly liquid securities, and the Company restricts its transactions to financial institutions with good credit standing. The Company has cash and investments, including restricted, on deposit with financial institutions which are insured by either the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to US\$250,000 per institution or the Canadian Deposit Insurance Corporation up to 100,000 Canadian Dollars per institution. The Company also maintains cash on hand which is not subject to insurance. As of December 31, 2018, the amount of cash and investments, including restricted, not insured was US\$13,188,121.

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade accounts receivable are limited due to the concentration of business with government entities. The Company's management attempts to minimize credit risk on its accounts receivable by monitoring credit exposure on a regular basis.

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Note B - Significant accounting policies continued

Significant concentrations continued

The following table summarizes the number of customers that individually comprise greater than 10% of total accounts receivable and their aggregate percentage of the Company's total accounts receivable as of:

	Dece	ember 31,
	2018	2017
Number of significant customers	2	2
Percentage of total receivables	64%	64%

The following table summarizes the number of customers that individually comprise greater than 10% of total revenues and their aggregate percentage of the Company's total revenues for the years ended:

	December 3	1,
	2018	2017
Number of significant customers	2	3
Percentage of total revenue	62%	64%

The following table summarizes the geographic concentration of revenue for the years ended:

	December 31,		
	 2018		2017
United States of America	\$ 7,464,636	\$	8,033,065
Europe	4,387,901		3,044,916
Rest of World	641,026		1,091,791
	\$ 12,493,563	\$	12,169,772

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding customer accounts. Management provides for uncollectible accounts through a provision for bad debt expense. At December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company had a US\$69,592 and US\$48,000 allowance for doubtful accounts, respectively.

Fair value of financial instruments

As of both December 31, 2018 and 2017, the carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments, which include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable, are carried in the financial statements at amounts that approximate their fair market values due to their short-term nature.

Fair value is the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is estimated by applying the following hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value into three levels and bases the categorization within the hierarchy upon the lowest level of input that is available and significant to the fair value measurement:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Inputs that are generally unobservable and typically reflect management's estimate of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

As of both December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company has certificates of deposit of US\$1,099,021 which is included in restricted cash and investments. The Company considers this certificate of deposit as a Level 2 investment.

Foreign currency translation

The functional currency of the Company's foreign operations is the applicable local currency, the Canadian Dollar. The functional currency is translated into US Dollars for balance sheet accounts using currency exchange rates in effect as of the balance sheet date and for revenue and expense accounts using an average exchange rate in effect during the applicable period. The translation adjustments are deferred as a separate component of stockholders' equity in accumulated other comprehensive loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION continued

for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Note B - Significant accounting policies continued

Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method. The Company regularly reviews inventory quantities on hand and records a provision to write down excess and obsolete inventory to its estimated net realizable value if less than cost. Inventory includes raw materials, labor and overhead.

Intangible assets

Goodwill represents the excess of purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired. Goodwill is not amortized, but is subject to at least an annual assessment for impairment or whenever events or circumstances indicate that it might be impaired.

Other intangible assets consist of patents, trademarks and various intangible assets identified as part of a business combination such as contracts, customer relationships and technology. Patents and trademarks are recorded at cost. For intangible assets identified as part of a business combination, values are assigned using various valuation techniques, including the present value of expected future cash flows. Intangible assets are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives ranging from seven to 15 years. The Company evaluates the possible impairment of its intangible assets annually or whenever events or circumstances indicate the carrying value of the assets may not be recoverable.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment is stated on the basis of purchase price. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Laboratory equipment	3–7 years
Computer and office equipment	3–5 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Leasehold improvements	Shorter of lease term or estimated useful life
Software	3–5 years
Manufacturing equipment	5-7 years

Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the assets and related allowances for depreciation and amortization are eliminated from accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in net income.

Investment in affiliates

The Company accounts for investments in affiliates under the cost method of accounting if the Company owns less than 20% of the affiliates' outstanding capital. As of December 31, 2018, the Company held a 19% ownership in an affiliate (SpectraMed), and a 10% ownership in an affiliate (Solaris). These affiliates have had significant losses in prior years and the Company had previously reduced its investments in these affiliates to US\$nil.

Accounting for stock-based compensation

In accounting for the employee stock option plan, the Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to calculate compensation costs associated with options granted to employees. Total compensation costs are recorded over the option vesting period, generally three years using the straight-line attribution method. The Company recognizes the effects of forfeitures in compensation cost when they occur.

Revenue recognition

General

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASC 606 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (ASC 606) using the modified retrospective method, which was applied to customer contracts that were not completed as of January 1, 2018. In accordance with the modified retrospective transition method, the results of operations for 2018 are presented in accordance with ASC 606, while prior periods continue to be reported in accordance with the historical revenue recognition guidance. The adoption of ASC 606 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

The Company's sources of revenues are as follows:

- Product revenue includes sales of pigments and security taggants and sales of equipment.
- Service revenue includes:
 - Secure Transactions software licensing and support as well as development services to customize our software to meet specific customer needs.
 - Maintenance and repair services related to manufactured equipment.
 - Research and development services.
- Royalties for the use of the Company's know-how and technology.

Note B - Significant accounting policies continued

Revenue recognition continued

General continued

Revenue is recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration expected to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. This condition normally is met when the product has been delivered or upon performance of services.

When contracts with customers include multiple performance obligations, significant judgment is involved in determining whether each performance obligation is distinct or should be combined with other performance obligations within the contract. In addition, the transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation using an estimate of stand-alone selling price. Estimating the stand-alone selling price requires significant judgment and is generally based on observable prices or a cost plus margin approach.

Product revenue is generally recognized upon transfer of control of the product at a point in time upon delivery of the product to the customer pursuant to the terms of the contract.

Revenues for maintenance and repairs and research and development services are generally recognized over time as the services are performed. Revenues for fixed price services are generally recognized over time applying input methods to estimate progress to completion.

Generally, our software contracts contain multiple promised goods and services, including the following: (i) term software license; (ii) installation and training; (iii) unspecified future enhancements; (iv) maintenance and support; and (v) optional professional services in the future. The term software license, installation and unspecified future enhancements are considered one performance obligation as the software is dependent on the installation and the enhancements are critical to the utility of the software. As the enhancements are delivered over time, revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the contract. Maintenance and support services are provided over the term of the contract and revenue is recognized over time based on the term of the contact. Future professional services, if any, are recognized over time based on hours incurred.

During 2018, the Company executed both a supply agreement and a technology license agreement with an existing customer to continue supplying an existing product and extend the rights to the underlying technology in perpetuity. The customer will pay reduced rates for the product but will pay approximately US\$10,500,000 in eleven payments over five years for the technology license. The extended payment terms were negotiated by the customer to ensure supply of product and therefore do not represent a significant financing component. The Company has combined the contracts as per the guidance in ASC 606 as both contracts were negotiated at the same time. The Company has identified two performance obligations: (i) the option to purchase product; and (ii) the technology and stand-ready obligation as the customer unless the Company defaults on its obligations within the agreements. The Company allocated approximately US\$1,800,000 to the option to purchase product bis revenue at each point in time as product is delivered. The Company allocated approximately US\$8,700,000 to the technology and stand-ready obligation based on the residual approach and will recognize this revenue over time as royalty revenue, ratably over five years.

Revenue is reported net of incentive rebates and discounts.

The following table summarizes the type of revenue for the years ended:

	December 31,			
	 2018		2017	
Product	\$ 8,605,015	\$	9,388,129	
Maintenance, repair and research and development services	540,143		282,402	
Royalties	2,058,209		1,152,231	
Total Authentication Systems revenue	11,203,367		10,822,762	
Secure Transactions revenue	1,290,196		1,347,010	
Total revenue	\$ 12,493,563	\$	12,169,772	

Credit terms are predominately short term in nature. As such, there is not a significant financing component within the customer contracts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION continued

for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Note B - Significant accounting policies continued

Contract liabilities and other disclosures

The Company records contract liabilities (deferred revenues) when cash payments are received or due in advance of performance. Software customers pay an upfront license fee and equipment maintenance contracts are typically billed annually in advance. Deferred revenue expected to be realized within one year is classified as a current liability. The following table summarizes the activity in our contract liabilities for the reporting period:

	De	cember 31, 2018	De	ecember 31, 2017
Balance, beginning of year	\$	1,531,970	\$	1,516,205
Adoption of ASC 606		59,689		_
Currency translation		(3,327)		1,401
Deferral of revenue		2,894,251		(2,156,254)
Revenue recognized		(3,239,012)		2,170,618
Balance, end of year	\$	1,243,571	\$	1,531,970

Revenue allocated to remaining performance obligations represents contracted revenue that has not yet been recognized ("contracted not recognized revenue"), which includes unearned revenue and amounts that will be invoiced and recognized as revenue in future periods. Contracted not recognized revenue was approximately US\$15,600,000 as of December 31, 2018, of which we expect to recognize approximately 27% of the revenue over the next twelve months and the remainder thereafter.

Warranties

If a warranty is applicable, a warranty liability is recorded at the time of sale. The warranty liability is estimated by assessing historical experience to the current applicable population. Warranty costs may differ from those estimated if actual claim rates are higher or lower than our historical rates.

Research and development

Internal research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Certain third party research and development costs are capitalized in connection with contracted work. These costs are expensed as certain milestones are achieved. Overhead, general and administrative and training costs are expensed as incurred.

Income tax

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income taxes. The benefits from net operating losses carried forward may be impaired or limited in certain circumstances. In addition, a valuation allowance can be provided for deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that all or some portion of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. For both 2018 and 2017, there is no federal or state income tax liability on those respective income tax returns.

Advertising costs

Advertising costs are charged to expense when incurred. Advertising expense was US\$7,515 and US\$6,428 for 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Shipping and handling

The Company reports the cost of shipping and handling as an operating expense. Shipping and handling expense was US\$110,703 and US\$95,537 for 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Note C – Related party transactions

The Company sold phosphor products and received royalties amounting to approximately US\$843,000 and US\$2,863,000 for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, to a company owned by a shareholder.

On September 30, 2015, the Company purchased certain assets from Solaris in exchange for US\$213,917 in cash. The Company also recorded US\$184,000 in contingent payments based on a royalty payment arrangement for anticipated continuing business. The agreement requires the Company to pay Solaris 10% of any revenues hereafter received by the Company from the commercial exploitation of the assets. The Chief Executive Officer of Solaris is also the Chief Executive Officer of Spectra. No royalty payments were made during the year ended December 31, 2018. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company paid royalties of US\$3,895 to Solaris.

Note D - Inventories

Inventories consist of the following:

	December 31,		
	 2018		2017
Raw materials	\$ 2,023,820	\$	2,006,436
Finished goods	1,588,393		1,840,600
Total	3,612,213		3,847,036
Less: reserve for excess and obsolete inventory	(342,717)		(92,426)
	\$ 3,269,496	\$	3,754,610

Note E – Property and equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	December 31,		
	 2018		2017
Laboratory equipment	\$ 711,849	\$	666,550
Computer and office equipment	372,724		328,034
Furniture and fixtures	114,354		114,354
Leasehold improvements	1,512,039		1,487,849
Software	341,964		340,937
Manufacturing equipment	1,304,518		1,221,851
Total	4,357,448		4,159,575
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,770,813)		(2,365,115)
	\$ 1,586,635	\$	1,794,460

Depreciation expense amounted to US\$410,669 and US\$401,198 for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. As part of its consolidation of East Providence operations (see note J), the Company disposed of US\$331,227 of fully depreciated equipment during the year ended December 31, 2017. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company sold machinery and received proceeds of US\$405,400. The Company recorded a loss of US\$32,420 on the sale.

Note F – Intangible assets

Intangible assets consist of the following:

	December 31,		
	 2018		2017
Patents	\$ 3,151,939	\$	2,834,431
Customer relationships	3,043,000		3,043,000
Non-compete agreements	188,440		188,440
Developed technology	1,502,000		1,502,000
Tradename	30,000		30,000
Trademarks	131,185		123,448
Goodwill	2,468,863		2,468,863
Total	10,515,427		10,190,182
Less: accumulated amortization	(3,818,560)		(3,223,815)
	\$ 6,696,867	\$	6,966,367

Amortization expense amounted to US\$594,356 and US\$702,190 for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION continued

for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Note F - Intangible assets continued

Estimated amortization expense is as follows:

Year ending December 31,	
2018	\$ 560,553
2019	479,752
2020	434,404
2021	420,014
2022	415,578
Thereafter	1,917,703
	\$ 4.228.004

Note G - Other assets

Other assets consist of the following:

	Dece	December 31,		
	 2018		2017	
Rental deposits	\$ 17,965	\$	19,141	
Deferred contract costs	132,250		132,250	
	\$ 150,215	\$	151,391	

Note H - Accrued expenses and other liabilities

Accrued expenses and other liabilities consist of the following:

	Dece	December 31,		
	 2018		2017	
Royalties	\$ 192,917	\$	700,345	
Employee compensation	245,680		406,301	
Contingent costs	180,105		180,105	
Sales allowance and rebates	43,735		115,775	
Professional fees	83,000		80,000	
Property and franchise taxes	8,000		8,480	
Other	73,939		29,730	
	\$ 827,376	\$	1,520,736	

Note I – Income taxes

The approximate components of the income tax provision are as follows:

	December 31,			
	 2018		2017	
Income tax provision/(benefit) computed at:				
Federal statutory rate – current	\$ 904,000	\$	1,204,000	
State statutory rate – current	300,000		212,000	
Federal deferred	(40,000)		(117,000)	
State deferred	(13,000)		(20,000)	
Change in valuation allowance	(1,132,000)		(1,092,000)	
Income tax benefit	\$ 19,000	\$	187,000	

A reconciliation of the statutory federal income tax rate with our effective income tax rate was as follows:

	December 3	December 31,		
	2018	2017		
Statutory federal rate	21.0%	34.0%		
State income taxes, net of income tax benefit	0.3%	0.2%		
Remeasurement of deferred taxes	-	(35.3%)		
Non-deductible expenses and other	(4.6%)	(5.1%)		
Change in valuation allowance	(16.2%)	_		
Effective tax rate	0.5%	(6.2%)		

Approximate deferred income tax assets are as follows:

	Dece	December 31,					
	 2018		2017				
Depreciation and amortization	\$ (99,000)	\$	(77,000)				
Deferred revenue	(335,000)		(349,000)				
Federal and state tax credits	918,000		918,000				
Inventory	56,000		121,000				
Bad debts	16,000		14,000				
Net operating loss carryforward	4,167,000		5,053,000				
Valuation allowance	(3,323,000)		(4,455,000)				
Total deferred income tax assets	\$ 1,400,000	\$	1,225,000				

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ("Tax Act") was enacted on December 22, 2017. The Tax Act eliminated alternative minimum taxes and lowered the federal corporate income tax rate from 34% to 21% effective January 1, 2018. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company remeasured its net deferred tax assets using the new federal corporate income tax rate and posted a one-time reduction of US\$2.0 million in deferred tax assets to reflect the lower realization rate to be applied commencing in 2018.

As of December 31, 2018, the Company has net operating loss carryforwards expiring between 2019 and 2036 for US federal income tax purposes of approximately US\$19,000,000. A valuation allowance has been established for US\$3,323,000 and US\$4,455,000 as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, for the deferred tax benefit related to those loss carryforwards and other deferred tax assets.

At December 31, 2018, the Company also had approximately US\$920,000 of tax credit carryforwards that are available to offset federal and state liabilities. The credits will begin to expire between 2019 and 2029 for federal and between 2019 and 2024 for state.

The utilization of the tax carryforwards described above are dependent upon future profitability prior to any expiration dates. Additionally, alternative minimum taxes, if any, and substantial changes in ownership and tax laws and regulations may substantially limit their realization.

The Company accounts for the effect of any uncertain tax positions based on a "more likely than not" threshold to the recognition of the tax positions being sustained based on the technical merits of the position under scrutiny by the applicable taxing authority. If a tax position or positions are deemed to result in uncertainties of those positions, the unrecognized tax benefit is estimated based on a "cumulative probability assessment" that aggregates the estimated tax liability for all uncertain tax positions. The Company is not currently under examination by any taxing jurisdiction. The Company's federal and state income tax returns are generally open for examination for three years following the date filed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION continued

for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Note J – Commitments and contingencies

The Company is involved from time to time in litigation incidental to the conduct of its business. The Company is not currently a party to any lawsuit or proceeding.

Lease commitments

The Company holds four real estate leases. During 2018, the Company signed a lease agreement for corporate office space which expires in October 2023. The Company signed a five-year lease agreement for manufacturing and warehouse space in East Providence beginning in November 2013 and expiring in October 2022. To support the ICS business, the Company signed a lease which has been extended through January 2022. The Company's lease for laboratory space in East Providence has been extended through May 31, 2020 for a portion of the space. During 2017, the Company vacated the remaining portion of the space and consolidated its operations at its other East Providence locations. Rent expense was US\$371,214 and US\$421,513 for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year ending December 31,	
2019	\$ 312,365
2020	249,288
2021	205,008
2022	169,521
2023	55,505
	\$ 991,687

License and supply agreements

In 1996, and subsequently amended in 1999 and 2002, the Company entered into a license agreement under which the Company obtained a nonexclusive right to use certain technology through the term of the licensor's patents on such technology. The last of these patents expired during 2018. The license agreement contains provisions for royalties to be paid on sales of products developed under the agreement. For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company recorded US\$36,870 and US\$164,768, respectively, in royalty expense.

Note K - Stockholders' equity

Common and preferred stock

On July 25, 2011, the Company raised US\$20,241,179, net of offering costs, on the London Stock Exchange in a placing of 18,592,320 common shares at a placing price of £0.753 per new common share, representing 41.09% of the enlarged common share capital of the Company. As a result of the offering, anti-dilution provisions found in the Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation converted all of the issued and outstanding preferred shares into 17,185,052 common shares, giving 26,659,050 common shares in issue at the time of the placing. At December 31, 2018 there were 45,504,623 common shares issued and outstanding and no preferred shares in issue.

Stock option plan

In May 2007, the Company adopted the 2007 Stock Plan (the "2007 Plan"), which provided for the grant of incentive stock options and nonqualified stock options, stock awards and stock purchase rights for the purchase of up to 14,100,000 shares of the Company's common stock to officers, employees, consultants and Directors of the Company. The Board of Directors is responsible for administration of the 2007 Plan. The Board determines the term of each option, the option exercise price, and the number of shares for which each option is granted and the rate at which each option is exercisable. Incentive stock options may be granted to an officer or employee at an exercise price per share of not less than the fair value per common share on the date of the grant (not less than 110% of fair value in the case of holders of more than 10% of the Company's voting stock) and with a term not to exceed ten years from the date of the grant (five years for incentive stock options granted to holders of more than 10% of the Company's voting stock). Nonqualified stock options may be granted to consultants or Directors at an exercise price per share of not less than 85% of the fair value of the common stock. Stock options generally vest over three years and are exercisable over a period up to ten years from the date of grant. As of December 31, 2018, options to purchase 5,865,830 shares of common stock were outstanding and 253,253 shares of common stock have been issued under the 2007 Plan. As of December 31, 2018, 7,980,917 shares of common stock were available for grant under the 2007 Plan.

Note K - Stockholders' equity continued

Stock option plan continued

Information related to stock options granted by the Company is summarized as follows:

	Decemb	December 31, 2018			December 31, 2017			
	Number of shares under option		Weighted average exercise price	Number of shares under option		Weighted average exercise price		
Outstanding at beginning of year	5,588,830	\$	0.50	7,047,414	\$	0.51		
Granted	393,000		1.38	250,000		0.49		
Exercised	(96,000)		0.49	(255,000)		0.44		
Forfeited/canceled	(20,000)		1.53	(1,453,584)		0.49		
Outstanding at end of year	5,865,830	\$	0.56	5,588,830	\$	0.50		

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at December 31, 2018:

		Options outstanding		Options exercisable			
Exercise price range	Number of outstanding shares	outstanding contractual life		Weighted average exercise price	Number of shares		Weighted average exercise price
US\$0.30-US\$0.84	5,092,830	4.53	\$	0.45	4,926,163	\$	0.44
US\$0.85-US\$1.54	773,000	5.99		1.30	400,000		1.23
	5,865,830	4.72	\$	0.56	5,326,163	\$	0.50

As of December 31, 2018, the weighted average contractual life for exercisable stock options was 4.27 years.

The Company's stock price closed at US\$1.35 (£1.055) on December 31, 2018. As of December 31, 2018, the aggregate intrinsic value for outstanding and exercisable stock options was US\$4,858,846 and US\$4,704,472, respectively. Intrinsic value for stock options is defined as the difference between the current market value of the stock and the exercise price. The intrinsic value represents the value that would have been received by the option holders had the option holders exercised all of their options as of that date.

The Company currently uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of its stock options. The valuations determined using this model are affected by assumptions regarding a number of complex and subjective variables including stock price, volatility, expected life of options, risk free interest rates, and expected dividends, if any. The Company recorded stock-based compensation costs of US\$155,886 and US\$122,956 for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. There was no stock-based compensation expense capitalized during either year. During the year ended December 31, 2018, the weighted average grant date fair value of stock options granted was US\$1.38. The assumptions used to value stock option grants are as follows for the year ended:

	Decem	nber 31,
	2018	2017
Risk free rate	2.6%-3.0%	2.1%
Expected life (years)	6.00	6.00
Assumed volatility	46.0%-81.0%	84.7%
Expected dividends	3.9%	None

As of December 31, 2018, there was approximately US\$198,000 of unrecognized compensation cost, related to unvested stock-based payments granted to our employees and Directors, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.7 years. Total unrecognized compensation cost will be adjusted for future changes in forfeitures and recognized over the remaining vesting periods of the stock grants.

Note L - Employee retirement plan

During 1999, the Company adopted a defined contribution plan, established under the guidelines of Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), which covers all employees. Employees are eligible to participate in the employee retirement plan (the "Plan") at the beginning of the first month following the date of hire. Employees may contribute up to the maximum allowed by the IRC of eligible pay on a pretax basis. The Company made a matching contribution of 50% of employee contributions up to 4% of eligible salary. Company matching contributions vest at 25% after one year of service, 50% at the end of two years of service and 100% at the end of three years of service. For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company's matching contributions were US\$31,084 and US\$33,678, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION continued

for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Note M – Segment reporting

In accordance with ASC 280, management has identified three operating segments. The first is the Authentication Systems Group, which captures the hardware, software and materials related to the authentication of banknotes, tax stamps and other high value goods. The second segment is the Secure Transactions Group, which provides an Internal Control System (ICS) software offering to the lottery and gaming industries. ICS provides tools for fraud, money laundering and match fixing detection, as well as statistical analysis. The third segment is the Banknote Cleaning Group, which captures the technology related to cleaning soiled banknotes.

Information for each reportable segment as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

		Gross revenue	f	Income/(loss) from operations	D	epreciation and amortization	Capital expense	Segment assets
2017	Secure Transactions	\$ 1,347,010	\$	398,060	\$	207,568	\$ 2,129	\$ 2,219,415
	Authentication Systems	10,822,762		2,712,999		847,753	69,147	25,023,252
	Banknote Cleaning	_		(80,487)		48,067	_	469,948
	Total	\$ 12,169,772	\$	3,030,572	\$	1,103,388	\$ 71,276	\$ 27,712,615
2018	Secure Transactions	\$ 1,290,196	\$	250,187	\$	180,602	\$ 24,509	\$ 2,222,748
	Authentication Systems	11,203,367		3,689,500		773,583	161,449	25,535,917
	Banknote Cleaning	_		(50,840)		50,840	20,000	461,090
	Total	\$ 12,493,563	\$	3,888,847	\$	1,005,025	\$ 205,958	\$ 28,219,755

Note N - Earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the net income divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is calculated by considering the dilutive impact of common stock equivalents under the treasury stock method as if they were converted into common stock as of the beginning of the period or as of the date of grant, if later. Excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per common share for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 were 95,063 and 400,164 shares, respectively, related to stock options because their exercise prices would render them anti-dilutive. The following table shows the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per common share:

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Numerator		
Net income	\$ 4,054,949	\$ 3,280,082
Denominator		
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	45,463,480	45,369,084
Effect of dilutive securities		
Stock options	3,472,948	2,512,699
Diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding	48,936,428	47,881,783
Earnings per common share		
Basic	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.07
Diluted	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.07

Note O - Subsequent events

The Company evaluated all events or transactions that occurred through March 15, 2019, the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

On March 25, 2019, the Company declared a dividend of US\$0.07 per share to be paid on or around June 28, 2019 to shareholders of record as of June 7, 2019.

SHAREHOLDER AND CORPORATE INFORMATION

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